Customizable Route Planning in Road Networks (Extended Abstract)

Daniel Delling Microsoft Research SVC dadellin@microsoft.com Andrew V. Goldberg Microsoft Research SVC goldberg@microsoft.com Thomas Pajor* Karlsruhe Institute of Technology pajor@kit.edu **Renato F. Werneck** Microsoft Research SVC renatow@microsoft.com

Abstract

Computing driving directions in road networks is a fundamental problem. Although it can be solved in essentially linear time by Dijkstra's algorithm (Dijkstra 1959), this is not fast enough to enable interactive queries on large-scale inputs. Instead, modern algorithms typically work in two stages: first an offline preprocessing routine computes some auxiliary data, which is then used to answer exact queries in real time. The past decade has seen a surprisingly diverse set of techniques that follow this approach (Abraham et al. 2012; Bast et al. 2007; Geisberger et al. 2012; Goldberg, Kaplan, and Werneck 2009; Hilger et al. 2009), mostly relying on the fact that road networks tend to have a strong hierarchy. These methods work very well when minimizing driving times, but are much less efficient with other cost functions.

We present a practical algorithm that has no such drawbacks, and can compute shortest paths on continental road networks with arbitrary metrics (cost functions). Our customizable route planning approach (Delling et al. 2011a; Delling and Werneck 2013) works in three stages. The first, metric-independent preprocessing, uses graph partitioning to define the topology of a multilevel overlay graph (Holzer, Schulz, and Wagner 2008), which is the same regardless of the cost function. The second stage, *customization*, uses the metric to compute the actual costs of the overlay arcs. Finally, the query stage uses the output of the first two stages to compute shortest paths in real time (milliseconds). The first stage uses a recent partitioning algorithm (Delling et al. 2011b) based on the notion of natural cuts, which are sparse regions separating much denser areas. It may take a few minutes (or even hours), but only needs to be run (or updated) when new road segments are built. Metric changes (which are much more frequent) require running only customization, which takes a second or less even on continental road networks. Since it does not rely on strong hierarchies, CRP is robust to metric changes. Unlike most other methods, it can also handle turn costs (and restrictions) quite naturally, with little effect on performance and space usage. It is thus ideal for a real-world routing engine, and is indeed in use by Bing Maps.

This extended abstract includes results first published at SEA 2011 (Delling et al. 2011a) and SEA 2013 (Delling and Werneck 2013).

References

Abraham, I.; Delling, D.; Goldberg, A. V.; and Werneck, R. F. 2012. Hierarchical Hub Labelings for Shortest Paths. In *Algorithms (ESA)*, volume 7501 of *LNCS*, 24–35. Springer.

Bast, H.; Funke, S.; Sanders, P.; and Schultes, D. 2007. Fast Routing in Road Networks with Transit Nodes. *Science* 316(5824):566.

Delling, D., and Werneck, R. F. 2013. Faster Customization for Road Networks. In *Experimental Algorithms (SEA)*, LNCS, To appear. Springer.

Delling, D.; Goldberg, A. V.; Pajor, T.; and Werneck, R. F. 2011a. Customizable Route Planning. In *Experimental Algorithms (SEA)*, volume 6630 of *LNCS*, 376–387. Springer.

Delling, D.; Goldberg, A. V.; Razenshteyn, I.; and Werneck, R. F. 2011b. Graph Partitioning with Natural Cuts. In 25th International Parallel and Distributed Processing Symposium (IPDPS), 1135–1146. IEEE Computer Society.

Demetrescu, C.; Goldberg, A. V.; and Johnson, D. S., eds. 2009. *The Shortest Path Problem: Ninth DIMACS Implementation Challenge*, volume 74 of *DIMACS Book*. AMS.

Dijkstra, E. W. 1959. A Note on Two Problems in Connexion with Graphs. *Numerische Mathematik* 1:269–271.

Geisberger, R.; Sanders, P.; Schultes, D.; and Vetter, C. 2012. Exact Routing in Large Road Networks Using Contraction Hierarchies. *Transportation Science* 46(3):388–404.

Goldberg, A. V.; Kaplan, H.; and Werneck, R. F. 2009. Reach for A*: Shortest Path Algorithms with Preprocessing. In Demetrescu et al. (2009). 93–139.

Hilger, M.; Köhler, E.; Möhring, R. H.; and Schilling, H. 2009. Fast Point-to-Point Shortest Path Computations with Arc-Flags. In Demetrescu et al. (2009), 41–72.

Holzer, M.; Schulz, F.; and Wagner, D. 2008. Engineering Multilevel Overlay Graphs for Shortest-Path Queries. *ACM Journal of Experimental Algorithmics* 13(2.5):1–26.

^{*}During his time at Microsoft Research Silicon Valley. Copyright © 2013, Association for the Advancement of Artificial Intelligence (www.aaai.org). All rights reserved.